National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 6: (6G5) <u>Illustrate and name parts of circles</u>, <u>including radius</u>, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius

Differentiation:

Developing Questions to support comparing and making equal groups. Using 2 or 3 equal groups of less than 5.

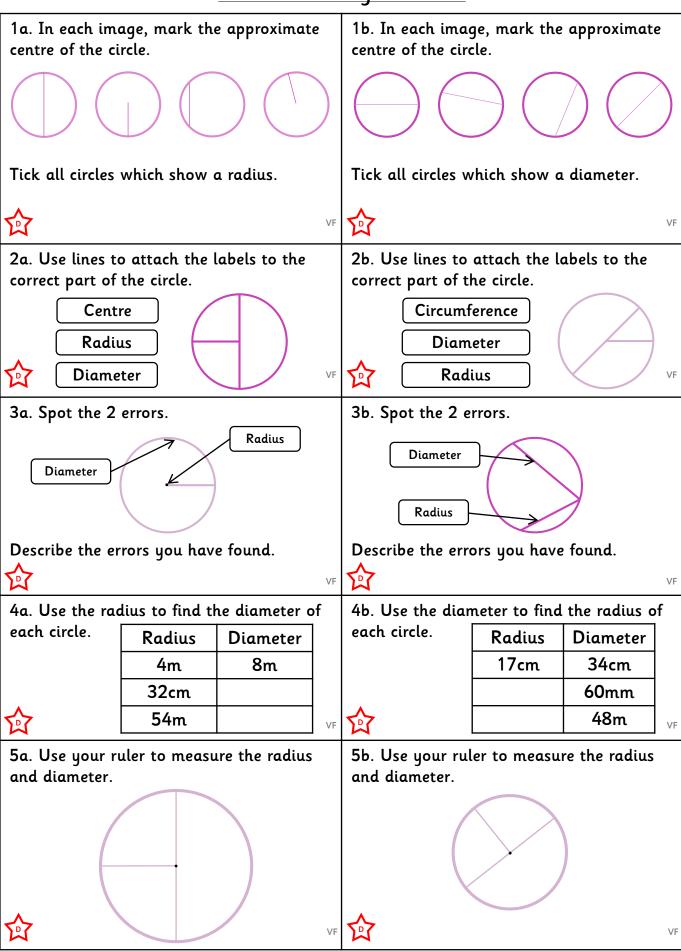
Expected Questions to support comparing and making equal groups. Using 3 equal groups of less than 10.

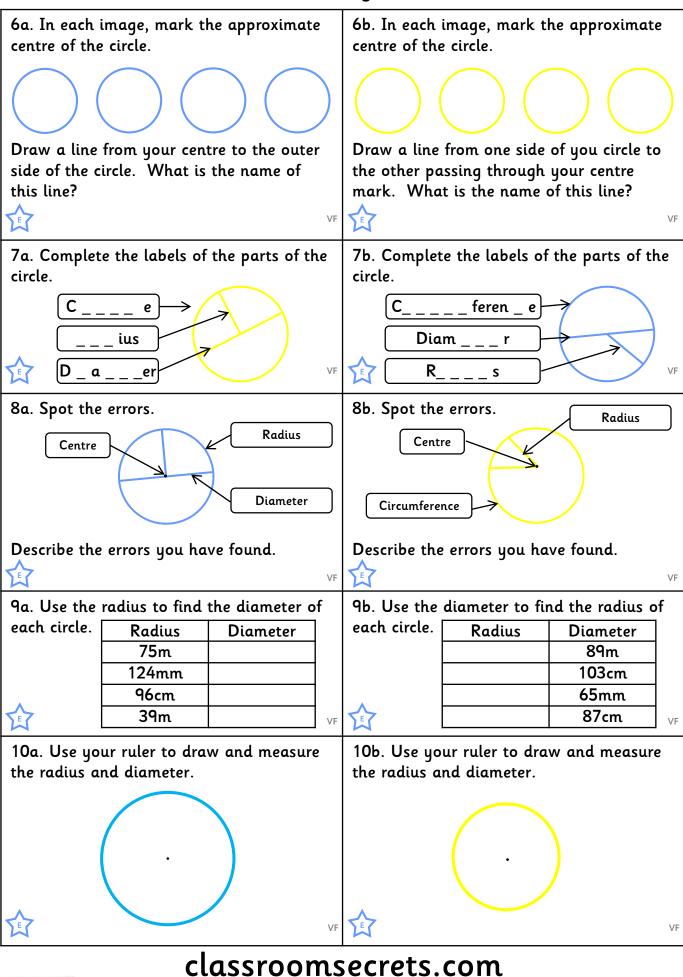
Greater Depth Questions to support comparing and making equal groups. Using 3 or 4 equal groups of less than 10.

More Year 6 Statistics resources.

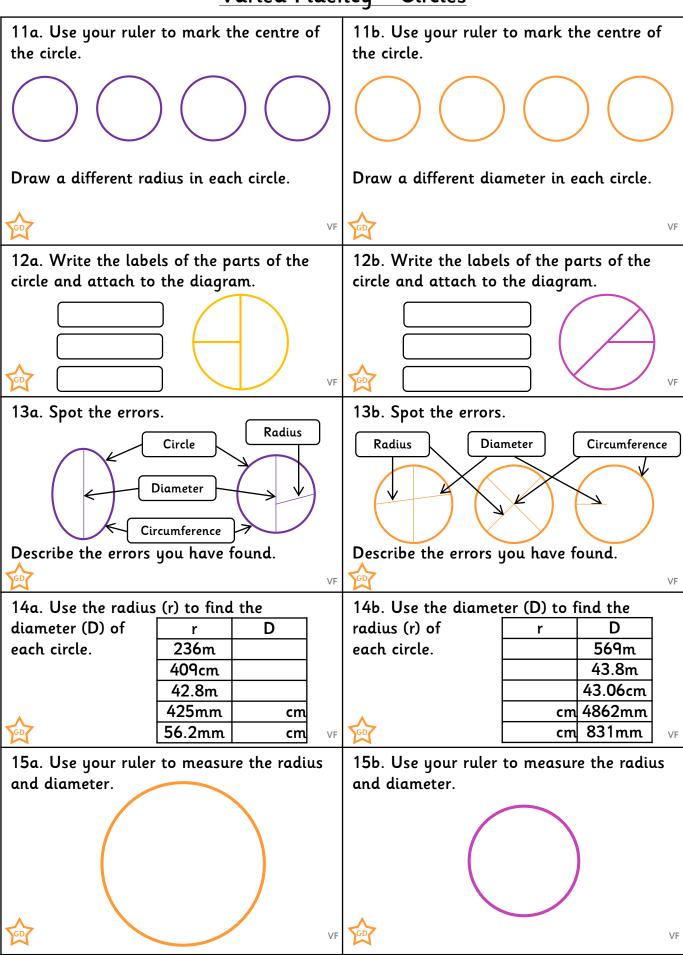
Did you like this resource? Don't forget to review it on our website.











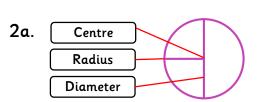


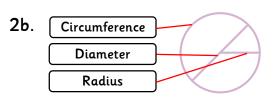


Developing

1a. ()

1b. ()





3a. The centre is labelled as Radius which should be on the line from the centre to the side of the circle. The circumference is labelled as the diameter, however the diameter isn't shown on this diagram.

3b. The diameter and radius are both mislabelled, the diameter would need to pass straight from side to side through the centre of the circle. The radius would need to go straight from the centre to the side of the circle.

4a.	Radius	Diameter
	4m	8m
	32cm	64cm
	54m	1 0 8m

4b.	Radius	Diameter
	17cm	34cm
	30mm	60mm
	24m	48m

5a. This answer depends on your printer settings but the answer should be: 2cm radius, 4 cm diameter.

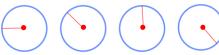
5b. This answer depends on your printer settings but the answer should be: 1.5 cm radius, 3 cm diameter.

classroomsecrets.com

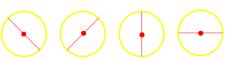


Expected

6a. /



6b.



7a. Circle

Radius

Diameter

7b. Circumference

Diameter

Radius

8a. The radius label is pointing to the circumference and should be pointing to the shorter line which runs between the centre and the side of the circle.

8b. The centre point has been placed too high and is not the mid point of two diameter lines. Therefore neither of the lines running from that point to the side can be labelled 'radius'. A radius line would need to run from the centre of the circle to the outer sides.

9a.	Radius	Diameter
ια.	75m	150m
	124mm	248mm
	96cm	192cm
	39m	78m

9Ь.	Radius	Diameter
	44.5m	89m
	51.5cm	103cm
	32.5mm	65mm
	43.5cm	87cm

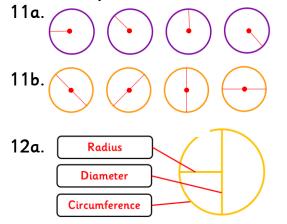
10a. This answer depends on your printer settings but the answer should be: 1.75cm radius, 3.5cm diameter

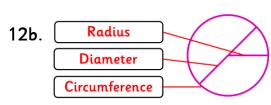
10b. This answer depends on your printer settings but the answer should be: 1.4cm radius, 2.8cm diameter





Greater Depth





13a. The first shape is an oval and therefore the terminology of a circle cannot be applied. The label for the radius is inaccurate. The line goes from the diameter to the outer side, but not from the middle of the diameter (the centre of the circle), therefore it is not a radius.

13b. The diameter label is not pointing to the correct line in the first shape as the line does not go through the centre of the circle, in the third shape the line does not touch both sides of the circle. In the first shape the radius label is not pointing to the radius. In the second shape, the circumference label is not pointing to the circumference.

14a.	r	D
	236m	472m
	409cm	818cm
	42.8m	85.6m
	425mm	85cm
	56.2mm	11.24cm

	30.211111	11.24011
4 / 1		
14b.	r	D
	284.5m	569m
	21.9m	43.8m
	21.53	43.06cm
	243.1cm	4862mm
	41.55cm	831mm

15a. 2.15cm radius, 4.3cm diameter

15b. 1.45cm radius, 2.9cm diameter

classroomsecrets.com

